

In the Claims

Please cancel Claim 2 and amend Claim 1 as follows:

1. (*Currently amended*) A method for assembling an optical device, the method comprising:
 - forming a first assembly including a first lens assembly and an optical filter, the optical filter reflecting light beams at wavelengths other than a selected wavelength and transmitting a light beam at the selected wavelength, wherein the first assembly possesses a mechanical axis;
 - forming a second assembly including a second lens assembly;
 - positioning initially the first assembly and the second assembly coaxially with the optical filter facing the second assembly; ~~and~~
 - adjusting the second assembly laterally away from the mechanical axis of the first assembly such that any light beam refracting from the first assembly is collected with a minimum loss by the second assembly, and
 - encapsulating the first assembly and the second assembly in a sleeve.
2. (*Cancelled*)
3. (*Currently amended*) The method of claim 2~~1~~, wherein the sleeve is not straight because of the second assembly positioned off the mechanical axis of the first assembly.
4. (*Original*) The method of claim 3, wherein the sleeve is again encapsulated in a straight sleeve.
5. (*Original*) The method of claim 1, wherein the forming of the first assembly comprises:
 - inserting the optical filter near an end of a tubing; and
 - placing the first lens in the tubing afterwards but a distance away from the optical filter, where the distance is adjusted with respect to a reflection

measurement of a light beam at a wavelength other than the selected wavelength such that the reflection measurement is minimum.

6. *(Original)* The method of claim 5, wherein both of the optical filter and the first lens are respectively bonded to the tubing.
7. *(Original)* The method of claim 5, wherein the optical filter and the first lens are respectively bonded to the tubing by a type of adhesive.
8. *(Original)* The method of claim 1, wherein the forming of the second assembly comprises inserting the second lens into a tubing and bonding the second lens to the tubing by a type of adhesive.
9. *(Original)* The method of claim 1, wherein the adjusting of the second assembly with respect to the mechanical axis of the first assembly comprises:
 - providing the light beam at the selected wavelength through the first assembly;
 - measuring a transmission of the light beam from the second assembly;
 - adjusting the second assembly off the mechanical axis of the first assembly such that the transmission of the light beam from the second assembly becomes minimum.
10. *(Original)* The method of claim 9, wherein both of the first and second lenses are C-lenses.
11. *(Original)* The method of claim 9, wherein both of the first and second lenses are ball- lenses.
12. *(Allowed)* An optical apparatus comprising:
 - a first assembly including a lens and an optical filter configured at a selected wavelength and reflecting light beams at wavelengths other than the

selected wavelength and transmitting a light beam at the selected wavelength, wherein the first assembly possesses a mechanical axis; a second assembly including a second lens; and a sleeve to encapsulate the first and second assemblies that are so adjusted in such way that the second assembly is off the mechanical axis of the first assembly, as a result, any light beam refracting from the first assembly collected with a minimum loss by the second assembly.

13. *(Allowed)* The optical apparatus of claim 12, wherein the tubing is not straight because of the second assembly positioned off the mechanical axis of the first assembly.
14. *(Allowed)* The optical apparatus of claim 12, wherein the tubing is again encapsulated in a straight sleeve.
15. *(Allowed)* The optical apparatus of claim 12, wherein the optical filter is fixed near an end of a tubing, and the lens is also fixed in the tubing a distance away from the optical filter, where the distance is obtained with respect to a reflection measurement of a light beam at a wavelength other than the selected wavelength such that the reflection measurement is minimum.
16. *(Allowed)* The optical apparatus of claim 15, wherein both of the optical filter and the first lens are respectively bonded to the tubing.
17. *(Allowed)* The optical apparatus of claim 15, wherein the optical filter and the first lens are respectively bonded to the tubing by a type of adhesive.
18. *(Allowed)* The optical apparatus of claim 12, wherein the lens in the second assembly is fixed to a tubing by a type of adhesive.

19. *(Allowed)* The optical apparatus of claim 12, wherein the first and second assemblies are positioned in the sleeve by:
- providing the light beam at the selected wavelength through the first assembly;
 - measuring a transmission of the light beam from the second assembly;
 - adjusting the second assembly off the mechanical axis of the first assembly such that the transmission of the light beam from the second assembly becomes minimum.
20. *(Allowed)* The optical apparatus of claim 19, wherein both of the first and second lenses are C-lenses.
21. *(Allowed)* The optical apparatus of claim 19, wherein both of the first and second lenses are ball-lenses.
22. *(Cancelled)*
23. *(Cancelled)*
24. *(Cancelled)*